# St. Clair County 4-H

# **Shooting Sports**



**Rifle Projects** 

.22 Field Rifle

.22 Target Rifle

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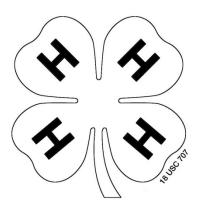
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Developed by:
St. Clair County
4-H Shooting Sports Committee

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# **4-H Basic Rifle Orientation**



# .22 Field and Target Rifle

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

#### 4-H Basic Rifle Orientation

## .22 Field and Target Rifle

<u>Range Officer</u> – is the person responsible for seeing the range is operated safely and for the safety of all participants/individuals.

<u>Range Commands</u> – are instructions given by the range officer to control those on the firing line, the sequence of events and to inform the shooters what they are to do next. These commands may vary slightly depending on the range officer and the type of shooting that is being done.

#### **Key Range Commands:**

Commence Firing, means that the range officer has determined that the range is safe and you may begin firing.

Cease Firing, means that you MUST STOP firing immediately, put your safety on and wait for the next command on what to do next. In some cases you will be instructed to unload your gun; this will be determined by the range officer on duty.

#### **5 SHOOTING FUNDAMENTALS:**

- 1. Position of body and body with Rifle
- 2. Sight alignment
- 3. Breath control
- Trigger control
- 5. Follow through

#### **4 STEPS TO LEARNING A NEW POSITION:**

- 1. Study the position
- 2. Practice the position without the rifle
- 3. Practice the position with an unloaded rifle
- 4. Align the position with the target and adjust to natural point of aim

#### Parts of the Rifle

#### 3 Major Parts:

- 1. Action (Lock)
- 2. Stock
- Barrel

#### Parts of Stock:

Butt - the rear portion of the stock which is designed to fit against the shoulder

Comb – the top portion of the stock, on which the shooter rests his cheek.

Grip – (also called the "Pistol Grip" or "Small of stock") – the area where the hand grasps the stock when firing the rifle.

Fore-end (or "forearm") – the part of the stock that extends underneath the barrel. This is where the non-shooting hand holds the rifle to support it while shooting. When separate from the rear of the stock, it is called the "forearm".

#### Parts of the Barrel:

Bore – the inside of the barrel

Muzzle – the front end of the barrel where the bullet exits

Sights – used to aim the rifle: Front sight=located on the muzzle end of the barrel; Rear sight=sight that is most near you.

Breech – the rear of the barrel (near the chamber)

Chamber – the part of the barrel, located at the breech end, which holds the cartridge at instant of firing.

Rifling – Composed of spiral "lands and grooves" cut into the bore. The rifling makes the bullet spin to give it stability.

#### **Parts of Action:**

Receiver – the backbone to which all other parts are attached.

Bolt/Breech block – closes over the chamber to hold the cartridge in place for firing.

Trigger – when squeezed, activates the firing mechanism to fire the rifle

Trigger guard – designed to protect the trigger in order to reduce the possibility of an unintentional firing.

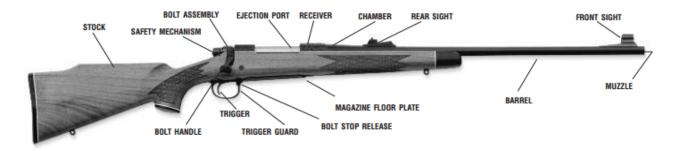
Magazine – holds cartridges ready for feeding into the chamber

Safety – a mechanical device designed to reduce the chance of an unintentional discharge.

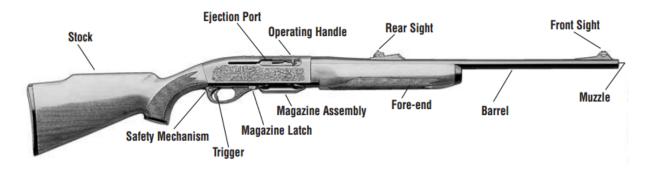
Mechanical devices can fail and must be used ONLY as a supplement to safe gun handling practices!

Action Release – (if applicable) allows a closed action to be opened.

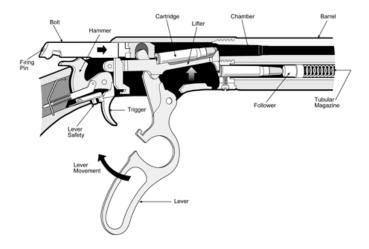
#### Bolt action rifle



#### Semi-automatic rifle



#### Lever action rifle





Break action rifle

### .22 Rifle Supplies

#### Supplies you will need now include::

- Shooter log notebook
- A container to keep rifle equipment in; small tackle box works well.
- Safety glasses
- Hearing protection
- Ammunition block
- Ground cloth or shooting mat (for outdoor practices)
- Pencil
- Optional Binoculars or Spotting scope
- Kneeling roll
- Shooting Stand

#### When it is time to get your own equipment add:

- Your own rifle
- Rifle case
- Ammunition transport separate from your rifle.

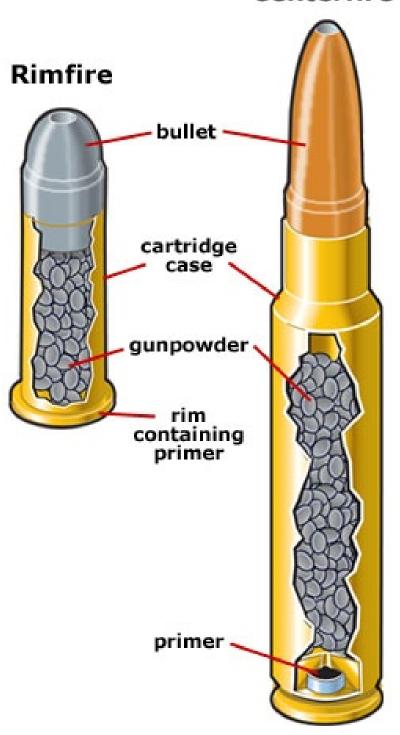
NOTE: It is illegal to transport your ammo in the same case you transport your rifle.

- Screw driver to adjust sights
- Open chamber indicator (can easily make)
- .22 caliber cleaning rod
- Cleaning supplies (cotton patches, cotton cloth, oil, solvent, toothbrush)

Talk to leaders before purchasing your own rifle so that you will not be disappointed. There are requirements that your equipment must meet in order to enter 4-H Competition

TRANSPORT – all shooting equipment (firearms) in cases, unloaded and in the trunk; or furthest point away from passengers if you do not have a trunk. Ammunition is to be in a separate container, NOT stored with firearms.

## Centerfire



### Safety Rules

# **YOU** alone are responsible for gun safety! 10 NRA Safe Gun Handling Rules

#### **RULES FOR SAFE GUN HANDLING**

- **1.** Always keep the gun pointed in a safe direction. (NOTE: This rule is considered the "GOLDEN RULE".)
- 2. Always keep the gun unloaded until ready to use.
- 3. Always keep your finger off the trigger until ready to shoot.

#### RULES FOR SAFE RIFLE USE AND STORAGE

- 1. Know your target and what is beyond.
- 2. Know how to safely use the gun.
- 3. Be sure the gun is safe to operate.
- 4. Use only the correct ammunition for your gun.
- 5. Wear eye and ear protection as appropriate.
- 6. Never use alcohol or drugs before or while shooting.
- 7. Store guns so they are not accessible to unauthorized persons.

Be aware that certain types of guns and many shooting activities require additional safety precautions not listed above.

The first thing you should do when arriving at a new shooting range is to learn the range rules for that range.

#### ASK = Attitude \* Skill \* Knowledge

It is important to have the proper ATTITUDE, develop the SKILLS and acquire the necessary KNOWLEDGE to be a safe shooter. Each shooter must be in control of his/her emotions and actions at all times.

## St. Clair County 4-H Shooting Sports Guidelines

Use 4-H Shooting Sports Rifle Manual as a guide to teach requirements

RIFLE KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS								
	Ages 9 through 11	Ages 12 through 19						
Safe Gun Handling Rules	Memorize 3 "Always" Rules.	Memorize all 10 NRA Safe Gun Handling Rules and be able to explain the importance of each.						
Parts of the Rifle	Know: (Be able to point out)	Know all parts previously listed and their function.						
	Stock Trigger	ADD:						
	Butt Trigger guard	Chamber						
	Fore-end Rear sight	Bolt/breech block						
	Comb Front sight	Rifling						
	Grip Barrel	Receiver						
	Safety (mechanical device) Muzzle	Magazine						
	Bolt and/or Lever, depending on gun used							
Types of Rifle Actions	Introduce types of actions they will be using – Bolt, semi-auto, lever and break action	Know all action types and their function.						
Ammunition Basics	Know how they can be sure they are using the	Know how they can be sure they are using the						
	correct ammo & how to handle a misfire.	correct ammo in all types of guns.						
	<u>Check correct ammunition:</u> <u>Malfunctions:</u>	Know the components of a .22 caliber ammunition						
	Box, barrel and label Hang fire	(casing, primer, powder, bullet)						
	on ammo Misfire	Know the firing sequence.						
-		Know how to safely handle a hang fire & misfire.						
Types of Sights and their uses.	Introduce all types of sights	Know all types of sights and their uses.						
Dominate Eye	Know how to determine their dominate eye	Know how to determine, what their dominate eye						
	and what their dominate eye is R or L	is and why it is important to use it						
	Introduce why they use their dominate eye							
Safe Gun Handling	Show they can confidently handle rifle in a safe	Continue						
Practical Exercise	manner at all times; using the proper attitude.							
Transporting Firearms	Know and demonstrate they can properly transport firearms safely	Continue						
	SHOOTING FUNDAMENTAL REQ	UIREMENTS						
Range Safety Rules	Know importance of eye & ear protection	Continue						
Basic Range Commands	Know Terms and who can call them	Continue						
	"Cease Fire" and "Commence Firing"							
	Demonstrate that they can follow them.							
Sight Alignment &	Introduce on bench rest.	Continue developing						
Trigger Control	Shooting for groups/clusters							
Sight Picture &	Introduce on bench rest.	Continue developing						
Breath Control	Shooting for groups/clusters							
Sight Adjustment	Introduce shooting for groups and the basics	Know how to adjust sights to zero to their eye.						
	or zeroing sights to their eye.							
Shooter's Log	Learn how to keep and the importance of	Continue developing.						
	using a shooters log.							
Self-Control	Learn and demonstrate the proper knowledge,	Continue developing						
skills & attitude required to be a safe shooter.  POSITIONS								
Bench Rest Position	Shooting for groups/clusters							
Standing Position	Shooting for groups/clusters							
Sitting Position	Shooting for groups/clusters							
Kneeling Position	Shooting for groups/clusters							
Prone Position	Shooting for groups/clusters							

#### St. Clair County 4-H Shooting Sports

Annual Rifle Project Participation Form

Shooter's Name:	4-H Age Beg. Jr. Sr.			
4-H Club Name:	Date Started Course:			
Certified Rifle Instructor's Name:	Phone:			
Equipment Used:				

Rifle Knowledge	Completion	Shooter's	Instructor's	
Requirements	Date	Initials	Initials	Comments
Safe Gun Handling Rules				
(any time a gun is handled)				
Parts of the Rifle				
And their functions				
Types of Rifle Actions				
and their operations				
Ammunition Basics				
Types of Sights and their uses				
Dominate Eye Exercise				Left or Right (circle one)
Transporting Firearms				
Safe Gun Handling				
Practice Exercise				
Rifle Knowledge			Certified 4-H Shooting Sports Instructor Signature:	
Verification				

Shooting Fundamental	Completion	Shooter's	Instructor's	
Requirements	Date	Initials	Initials	Comments
Range Safety Rules				
(Eye and ear protection)				
Basic Range Commands				
(Used to control range)				
Sight Alignment and				
Trigger Control				
Sight Picture and				
Breath Control				
Sight Adjustment				
Positions:				
Bench Rest				
Standing				
Sitting				
Kneeling				
Prone				
Self-Control				
Shooting Fundamentals			Certified 4-H Shoot	ing Sports Instructor Signature:
Verification				

This form must be completed and signed by a Michigan 4-H Shooting Sports "Certified Rifle Instructor". The instructor must be registered with the St. Clair County 4-H Office. Completed forms must be presented to fair registrar each year.

By signing this form the instructor is verifying that the above named shooter has successfully completed the "4-H Basic Rifle Course" as outline in the National 4-H Shooting Sports Curriculum and the training provided has been in compliance with the Michigan 4-H Shooting Sports Program "Safety Practices and Policies" document.